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International application number: PCT/AU05/000093

International filing date: 28 January 2005 (28.01.2005)

Document type: Certified copy of priority document

Document details: Country/Office: AU
Number: 2004900397
Filing date: 30 January 2004 (30.01.2004)

Date of receipt at the International Bureau: 15 February 2005 (15.02.2005)

Remark: Priority document submitted or transmitted to the International Bureau in compliance with Rule 17.1(a) or (b)



World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO) - Geneva, Switzerland
Organisation Mondiale de la Propriété Intellectuelle (OMPI) - Genève, Suisse



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I, JANENE PEISKER, TEAM LEADER EXAMINATION SUPPORT AND SALES hereby certify that annexed is a true copy of the Provisional specification in connection with Application No. 2004900397 for a patent by JOHN FLETCHER MACMAHON as filed on 30 January 2004.



WITNESS my hand this
Eighth day of February 2005

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read 'J. K. + C.' with a large flourish.

JANENE PEISKER
TEAM LEADER EXAMINATION
SUPPORT AND SALES

APPLICANT:

John Fletcher Macmahon

NUMBER:

FILED:

AUSTRALIA

THE PATENTS ACT 1990

PROVISIONAL SPECIFICATION FOR THE INVENTION ENTITLED

"NUTRIENT DELIVERY DEVICE"

The present invention will be described in the following statement:

TITLE

"NUTRIENT DELIVERY DEVICE"

The present invention relates to a nutrient delivery device, in particular a nutrient
5 delivery device for the delivery of a nutrient in the form of a slow release fertiliser.

Application of nutrient, such as fertiliser, to plants in horticulture and agriculture is typically conducted in a manner wherein a large quantity of the nutrient source is applied at a single time or periodically. Single or periodic application of a nutrient source to an area of application may have the undesired effect wherein an unnecessary
10 amount of nutrient is applied to that particular area. This may lead to excess consumption of the nutrient source, which is not only uneconomical, but which also may have the effect of leaching of surplus nutrient into the ground, possibly contaminating groundwater resources.

Further, single or periodic nutrient application is generally unable to accommodate
15 the particular nutrient requirements of a particular plant type or of a particular plant type within a certain environmental condition, either in specific quantity of nutrient applied or rate at which the nutrient is fed to the plant.

The present invention attempts to overcome at least in part the aforementioned
20 disadvantages of previous nutrient application methods.

In accordance with one aspect of the present invention there is provided a nutrient delivery device, comprising a water inlet with a valve assembly attached thereto, the water inlet and valve assembly being in fluid communication with a barrel portion, the barrel portion being adapted to house a filter, wherein the water inlet engages the

nutrient delivery device with a water supply, whereby a nutrient source placed within the barrel portion is at least partially dissolved by water flowing from the water supply means into the barrel portion, such that water containing dissolved nutrient flows outwardly from the barrel portion.

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The present invention will now be described, by way of example, with reference to the accompanying drawing, in which:

Figure 1 is a side cross section of a nutrient delivery device in accordance with the present invention.

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Referring to the Figure, there is shown a nutrient delivery device 10 comprising a water inlet 12 with a valve arrangement 14 attached thereto. The water inlet 12 and valve assembly 14 are in fluid communication with a barrel portion 16. The barrel portion 16 houses a filter 18. A suitable nutrient supply, such a prill controlled slow release fertiliser is deposited within the barrel portion 16 and about the filter 18.

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The water inlet 12 is provided to enable the nutrient delivery device 10 to be fitted in fluid communication with an outlet water supply such as a tap or faucet, thereby permitting water flow from the water supply to the barrel portion 16. The water inlet 12 may consist of a conventional tap fitting which is able to be locked or screwed onto a tap or the like in a known manner.

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The valve arrangement 14 attached to the water inlet 12 may be any valve suitable for prevention of backflow of water from the barrel portion 16 back into the water supply, particularly in the event that water flow from the water supply is terminated. In the present embodiment, the valve arrangement 14 is a vacuum breaker valve. The

vacuum breaker valve acts to create an air gap between the water supply and the barrel portion 16 of the nutrient delivery device 10 in the event that the water supply is terminated or the water pressure from the water supply becomes less than the water pressure flowing outwardly from the nutrient delivery device 10. The vacuum
5 breaker valve may be any suitable vacuum valve appropriate for the particular conditions and requirements of the place of installation of the nutrient delivery device 10.

The valve arrangement 14 is in fluid communication with the barrel portion 16. The barrel portion 16 is an elongate conduit with a first end 20 adjacent to the valve
10 arrangement 14 and an opposing second end 22. Each of the ends 20, 22 are substantially open to permit water flow from the water supply. The volume of the barrel portion 16 may be altered as necessary, to accommodate varying amounts of nutrient source deposited therein.

The barrel portion 16 is connected to the valve arrangement 14 at the first end 20
15 thereof by a socket 24. The socket 24 may be connected to the first end 20 of the barrel portion 16 by a threaded portion 26 about a surface of the first end 20. The provision of the socket 24 enables connection of the valve arrangement 14 to the first end 20 of the barrel portion 16 where the diameter of each is of different dimensions. For example, the diameter of the valve arrangement 14 is typically larger than that of
20 the socket 24 and threaded portion 26 of the barrel portion 16. The change in diameter from the valve arrangement 14 via the socket 24 into the barrel portion 16 further acts to cause water turbulence when the water flows into the barrel portion 16 from the water supply. The water turbulence within the barrel portion 16 is desirable as it acts to assist in dissolving the nutrient source within the barrel portion 16.

The barrel portion 16 is adapted to receive and house the filter 18. The nutrient supply is placed about the filter 18 and within the barrel portion 16. The nutrient supply is preferably provided in the form of a plurality of prills. Each prill contains a suitable nutrient supply or fertiliser, slowly released into water incoming into the nutrient delivery device 10 by the nature of the prill and by the flow of water from the water source into the barrel portion 16.

The filter 18 is a substantially elongate tube with perforations 32 substantially over the surface thereof. The perforations 32 permit flow of water from the barrel portion 16 into the filter 18 and subsequently out of the second end 22 of the barrel portion 16. In preferred embodiment, the surface area of the filter 18 upon which the perforations 32 are located is of an area in the order of approximately 20 times that of a cross section of the second open end 22 of the barrel portion 16. The relatively greater surface area of the surface of the filter 18 with perforations 32 thereon to cross section of the second open end 22 assists in preventing blockage of the barrel portion 16 with nutrient that has formed a sludge or paste from partially dissolved prills of nutrient.

The filter 18 has a first open end 28 adjacent the second end 22 of the barrel portion 16 and a closed second end 30. The closed second end 30 is has a cap portion 32 having a solid surface with no perforations thereon. The cap portion 32 is substantially conical in configuration, wherein an apex of the cone points upwardly towards the first end 20 of the barrel portion 16.

The configuration of the cap portion 32 as described is provided for the purpose of causing further turbulence of the water flowing into the barrel portion 16 from the valve arrangement 14. The cap portion 32 of the filter 18 is positioned directly in the

path of water flowing from the valve arrangement 14 into the barrel portion 16. In this manner, the cap portion 32 acts as a type of baffle, causing water flowing into the barrel portion 16 to abruptly change direction from that of the initial flow path, incoming from the valve arrangement 14.

- 5 The abrupt change in direction assists in causing water turbulence within the barrel portion 16, thereby causing agitation of the prills within the barrel portion 16. The agitation of the prills results in abrasive contact between adjacent individual prills. This abrasive contact effects further decomposition and dissolution of the prills, permitting the nutrient within the prills to be released into the water within and
10 flowing out of the barrel portion 16.

In a preferred embodiment, the valve arrangement 14, socket 24 and barrel portion 16 with filter 18 and nutrient source therein is sealed following the introduction of the nutrient source to the barrel portion 16. Preferably, the introduction of nutrient source and subsequent sealing of the barrel portion 16 is conducted in the manufacturing
15 stage of the nutrient delivery device 10. For example, a seal (not shown) may be provided at each of the ends 20, 22 of the barrel portion 16 to prevent input of solid material into the barrel portion 16. The seal must however be able to facilitate the passage of water flow from the water source and out of the nutrient delivery device 10. As such, the seal may comprise, for example, a portion of mesh, spanning over
20 the cross section of the first and second open ends 20, 22 of the barrel portion 16. In this manner, it is envisaged that the nutrient delivery device 10 will be produced as a single-use device, whereby entry of further or alternative nutrient sources or other material into the barrel portion 16 may be prevented.

The nutrient delivery device 10 further includes an output means 36, adjacent the second end 22 of the barrel portion 16. The output means 36 is in fluid communication with the open end 28 of the filter 18 to enable water containing dissolved nutrient to flow from the barrel portion 16, into the filter 18 and out of the nutrient delivery device 10. The output means 36 is provided as a connector fitting, to enable the nutrient delivery device 10 to be engaged with a delivery means such as a hose or similar device in order to assist application of the water containing dissolved nutrient to the appropriate area, such as plants or crops. Preferably, the output means 36 is provided as a connector fitting which permits automatic interengagement of the nutrient delivery device 10 with the hose or other delivery means.

In use, the barrel portion 16 of the nutrient delivery device 10 is substantially filled with a suitable nutrient source, such as a prill controlled slow release fertiliser. The nutrient source is placed within the barrel portion 16 and externally of the filter 18. The socket 24 and barrel portion 16 with nutrient source and filter 18 therein is then sealed in manufacture to prevent refilling of the barrel portion 16 with any other substance. The socket 24 and barrel portion 16 may be sealed by any suitable means, such as by welding or riveting the aforementioned components together to produce a single-use unit.

The nutrient delivery device 10 may then be connected to a suitable water outlet, such as a tap or faucet connected to a mains water supply, by attaching the water inlet 12 to the water outlet. The nutrient delivery device 10 is further connected at the output means 36 to a suitable delivery means, such as a hose or the like. Water is then introduced into the nutrient delivery device 10 by initiating flow of water from the water outlet in the manner known.

- Water flowing from the water outlet is then caused to enter into the water inlet 12, through the valve assembly 14 and into the barrel portion 14 via the socket 24 attached to the first end 20 of the barrel portion 16. The passage of the water through the socket 24 causes some turbulence of the water passing into the barrel portion 16.
- 5 Water entering into the barrel portion 16 travels along a flow path which encounters the cap portion 32 of the filter 18. The flow of water over and into the cap portion 32 of the filter 18 promotes further turbulence of the water within the barrel portion 16. The flow of water into the barrel portion 16, together with the resulting turbulence acts to dissolve the nutrient source within the barrel portion 16.
- 10 Water containing dissolved nutrient is then caused to flow from the barrel portion 16, through the perforations 32 upon the surface of the filter 18. The water containing dissolved nutrient then passes outwardly through the output means 36 adjacent the second end 22 of the barrel portion 16. If connected, the water containing dissolved nutrient further passes through the hose, sprinkler or other suitable delivery means
- 15 attached to the output means 36.

Modifications and variations as would be apparent to a skilled addressee are deemed to be within the scope of the present invention

20 DATED THIS 30TH DAY OF JANUARY 2004.

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By his Patent Attorneys
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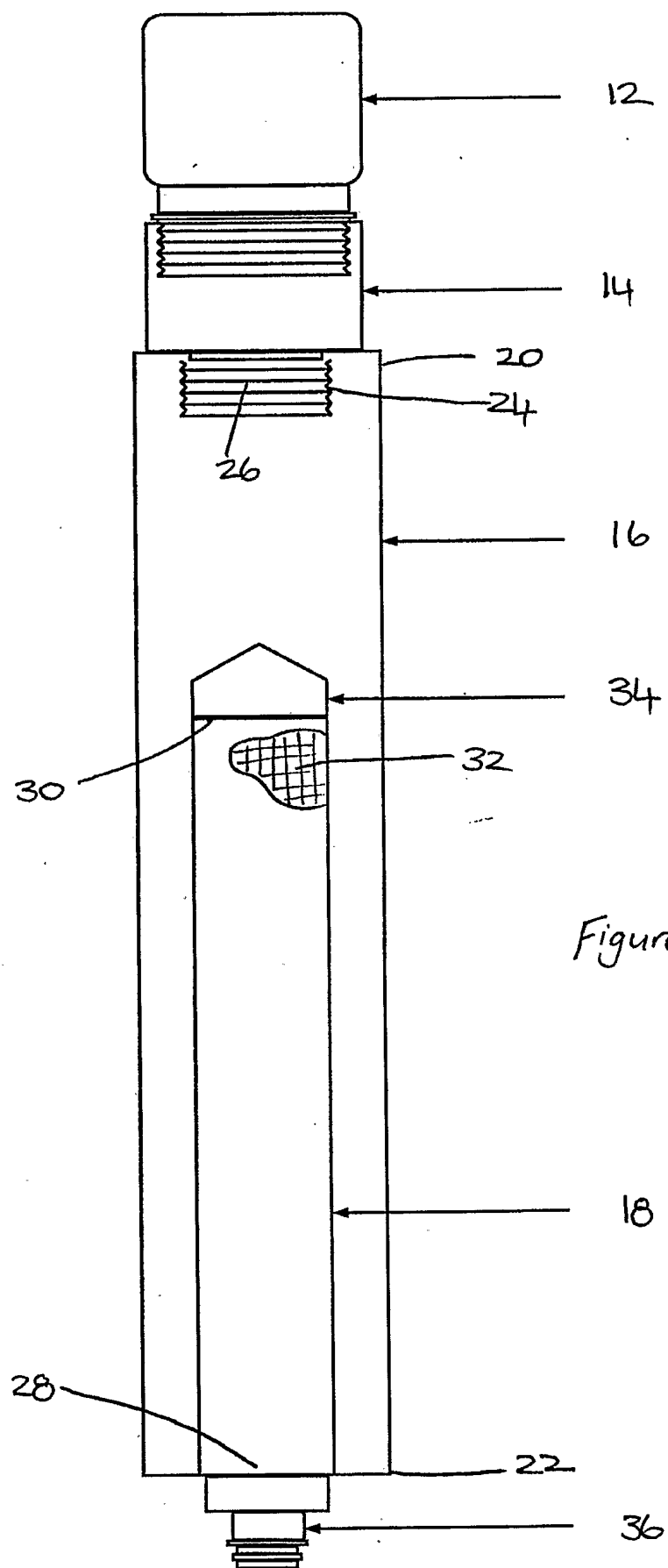


Figure 1